

3. Political/Institutional Problems:

The indigenous women leaders considered the non-availability of radio and television stations, and low budget as problems as they implement and extend their political and institutional projects and services.

IV. CONCLUSION

Based on the findings of the study, the political participation of the indigenous women leaders of Echague, Isabela is low despite government's call for more active involvement. To heighten awareness on political involvement of women leaders, education and educational institutions should take the lead by promoting programs thru instruction. Hence the Supplementary Learning Materials (SLM) in Civic Education is proposed to teach, address and give possible solutions to the specific political participations of the indigenous women that contributed to their low involvement in politics and governance and to improve the extent of their political participations.

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Personal Background



Name: JAY-AR AQUINO MAPILIS
Birthday: November 19, 1989
Status: Single
Gender: Male
Address: District 1, San Juan, Ilagan City, Isabela, Philippines
Current Work Place: Philippine Science High School- Cagayan Valley Campus

Nature of Work/Position: Teaching/ Special Science Teacher III

Educational Background

Elementary: San Juan Rugao Elementary School:1996- 2002
Secondary: Isabela National High School 2002 - 2006
College: Philippine Normal University –Isabela Campus
 Bachelor of Secondary Education Major in Social Science 2007-2011
Graduate Studies: Philippine Normal University – North Luzon Campus
 Master of Arts in Education with Specialization in Social Science Teaching 2016

Civil Service Eligibility: Licensure Examination for Teachers March 2012